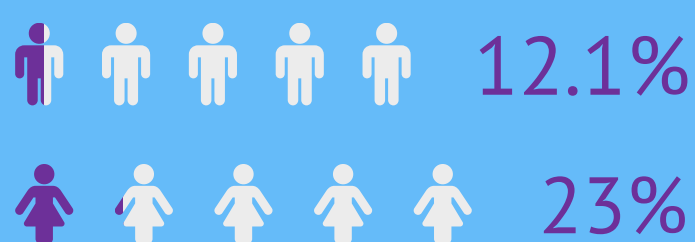


# Equality Factsheet: CIN, LAC, CP

It is important to know who our young people are so we can ensure services are fit for purpose and meeting children's diverse needs.

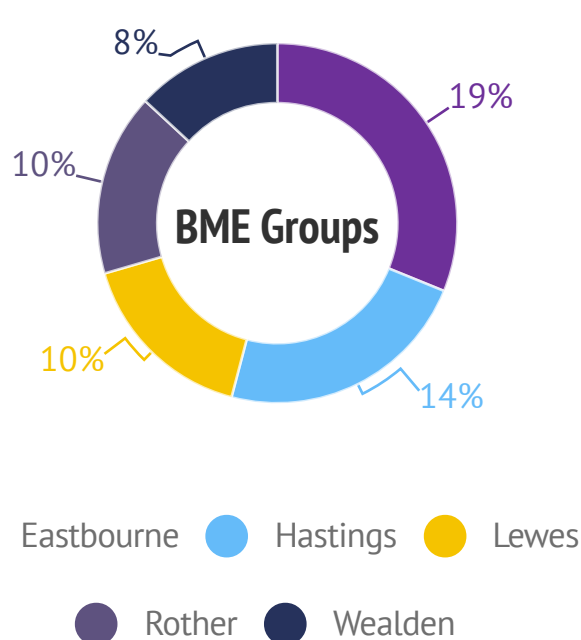
## EAST SUSSEX



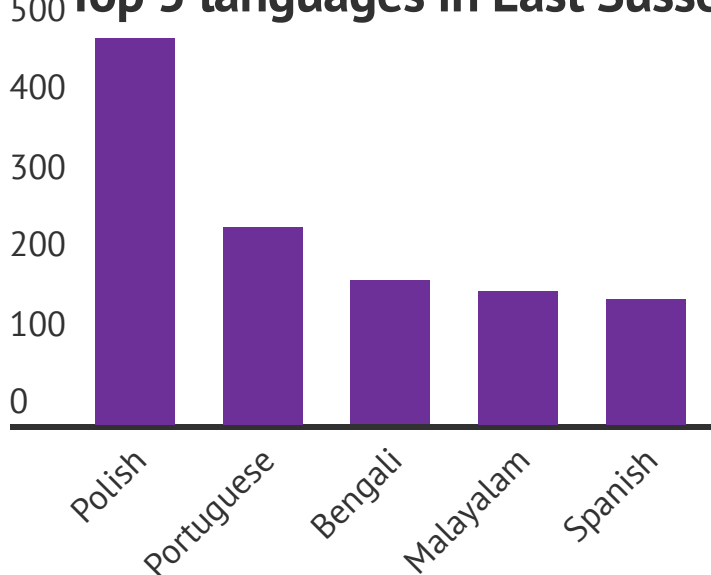
Are Black Minority Ethnic (BME) compared to 29.7% in England  
DfEData Jan 16

Have EVER 6 eligibility (EVER 6 relates to qualifying for free school meals any time in the last 6 yrs)

## EAST SUSSEX

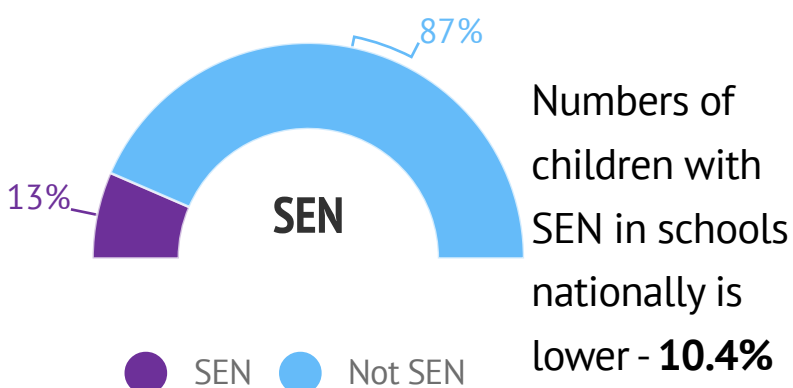


## Top 5 languages in East Sussex



5.5% pupils cite English as an additional language. Most common additional languages: Eastbourne - Polish and Portuguese, Lewes - Arabic

There has been an 1.1% increase in the school BME population since 2014.



## % LGB groups by region



In the UK 93.4% of the population identified themselves as heterosexual in 2016. In the South East, 2.1% state that they are LGB (lesbian, gay, bisexual). Nationally, 4.1% of 16-24 year olds identified as LGB.

2015-16 Equality Data

ONS: sexual identity 2016

## Did you know?

### There are currently:

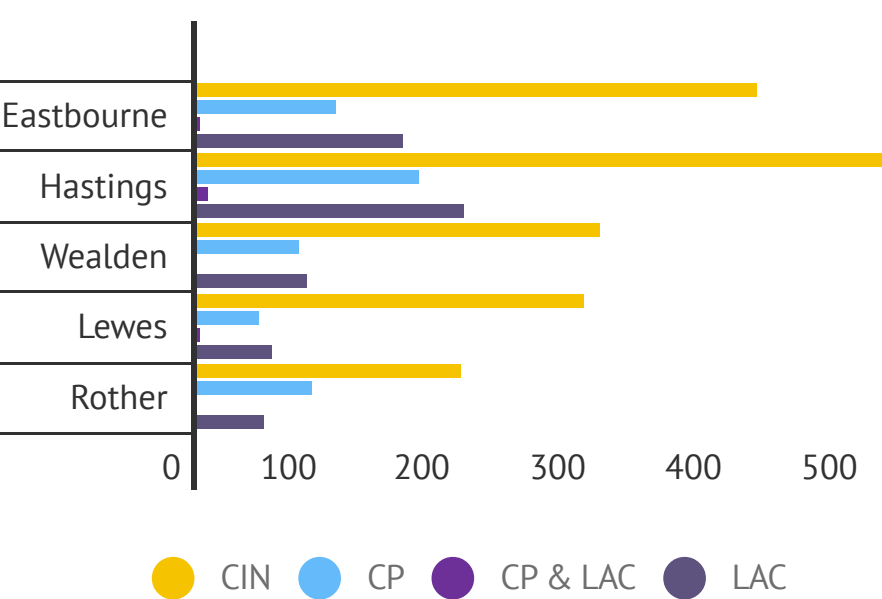
- 1,774 CIN children
- 489 CP children
- 576 LAC children
- 11 CP & LAC children
- 22 LAC UASC (Unaccompanied Asylum Seeker Children)

### Who are they?

- 47% female and 51% male
- 14% of CIN, CP and LAC are BME
- 16% of LAC are BME
- Note: 12.1% of all children in East Sussex are BME
- 31% of all children in social care are 5 and under
- 'Learning' and 'Behavioural' are the most common types of disabilities

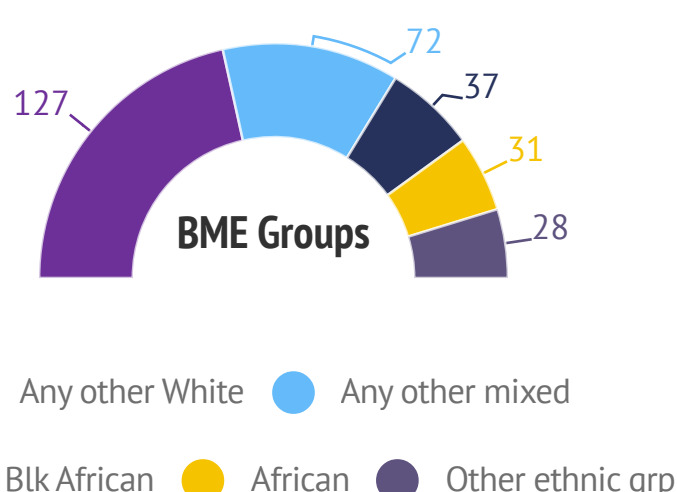


## Geographical location of CIN, LAC, CP



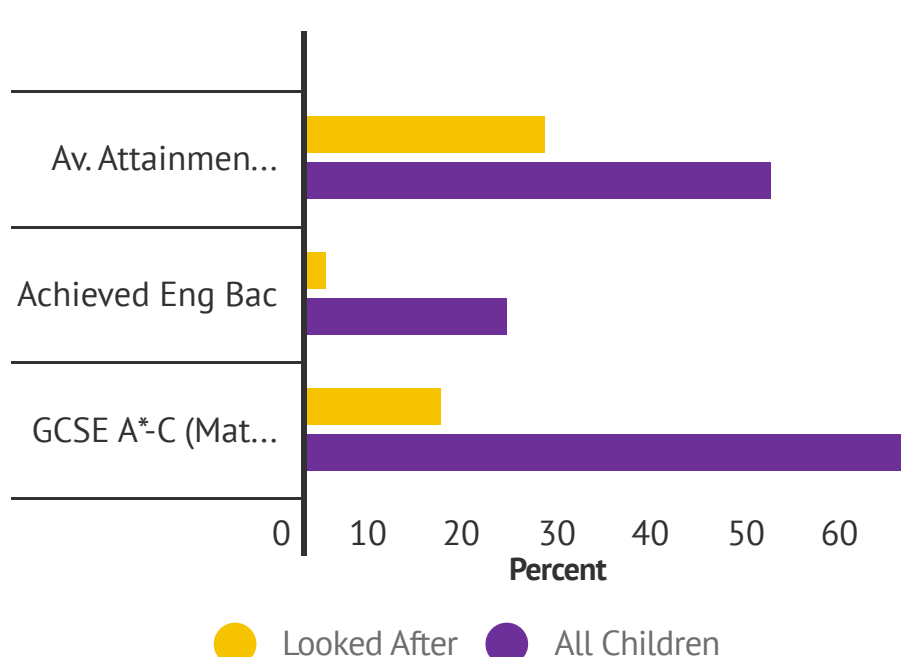
Hastings has the largest number of CIN, CP and LAC in the county. Rother has more CP cases than Wealden (85 vs 75). Overall however, Rother has the smallest number of overall cases.

## 14% of CIN, CP and LAC are BME



The graph depicts the top 5 BME groups in the current CIN, CP and LAC caseload. 16% of LAC are BME.

## LAC Key Stage 4 Attainment

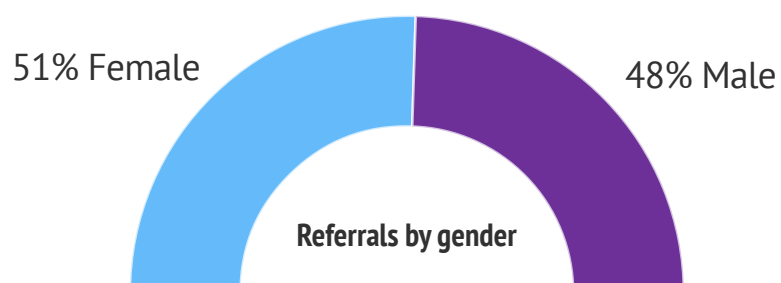


14% of LAC obtain 5+ A\*-C GCSE, compared with 63% of all children. Attainment 8 scores for LAC are half that of children who are not looked after.

## 76.6% of all referrals progressed to an assessment in 2016/17

- 84.6% of BME referrals progress to an assessment, compared with 78.4% of White British cases. See graph below for more details.
- 2.2% of cases identify 'disability' as a category of need for the child/young person. Of these cases, 94% progress to an assessment.

Referral records 2016/17



Bangladeshi, Caribbean, Chinese, Indian and Pakistani groups all have progression rates of 100%.

## Comparison of BME groups that progress from initial referral to assessment

